

Living each day as one happy and Holy Family



# YEARLY OVERVIEW

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	Spring 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES  NB: THESE THEMES MAY BE ADAPTED  AT VARIOUS POINTS TO ALLOW FOR  CHILDREN'S INTERESTS	PINK FEELOUS IVIE	INTO THE FOREST  CELEBRATIONS	ONCE UPON A TIME	GROWING	MINIBEASTS	UNDER THE SEA
RE	CREATION A	ND COVENANT	GALILEE T	O JERUSALEM	DIALOGUE A	ND ENCOUNTER
	PROPHECY AND PROMISE		Desert	DESERT TO GARDEN		S OF THE EARTH
HIGH QUALITY TEXTS	The Tiger who came to Tea Peace at Last All about me The Colour Monster The Invisible String Funnybones Stuck Leaf Man The Little Red Hen Shine	The Gruffalo The Gruffalo's Child Owl Babies Stick Man Room on the Broom Bog Baby Percy the Park Keeper The Christmas Story	The Gingerbread Man Goldilocks and the Three Bears The Three Little Pigs Little Red Riding Hood Cinderella Jack and the Beanstalk	So much Handa's Hen Handa's Surprise Once there were Giants Non-Fiction books Growing Good Oliver's vegetables Oliver's Fruit Salad The Tiny Seed When I grow Up	The Very Hungry Caterpillar Mad about Minibeasts What the Ladybird Heard Arrgh Spider Superworm	The Rainbow Fish Sharing a Shell Alba the 100 year old fish Who Swallowed Stanley Little People Big Dreams A home for a Pirate Pirates/Seaside
ENRICHMENT	School Visits Harvest mass Welcome Assembly Baking Bread Autumn Walks Mystery Reader Little Chefs Little Gardeners Little Carpenters	Bonfire night - firefighter visit Remembrance Day Owls visit – Surrey Falconry Welcome Assembly Nativity Production Little chefs Little Gardeners	Chinese New Year Visit to Beijing Restaurant Food tasting – different cultures National Storytelling week Holy Family's got Talent Little Chefs Little Gardeners	Living eggs – Class chick project Mother's Day World Book Day Spring Concert Easter Celebrations Sewing Bee Little Chefs Little Gardeners	Live Caterpillars Frogspawn in classroom Minibeast walks Minibeasts Hotels – school woods LEGO Workshop Sewing Bee Little Chefs Little Gardeners	Under the Sea – singing songs and sea shanties Map work - Find the Treasure Father's Day Pirate Day Summer concert Sewing Bee Little Chefs Little Gardeners



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	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2					
GENERAL THEMES	MARVELLOUS ME AUTUMN / HARVEST	INTO THE FOREST CELEBRATIONS	ONCE UPON A TIME	GROWING	MINIBEASTS	UNDER THE SEA					
CDEL		Characteristics of Effective Learning									



#### Characteristics of Effective Learning

Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges, and learn persistence.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.

### OVER ARCHING PRINCIPLES



**Unique Child:** Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.

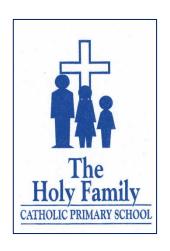
**Enabling environments:** Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.

**Learning and Development:** Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.

We understand that children learn best when they are absorbed, interested and active. We understand that active learning involves other children, adults, objects, ideas, stimuli and events that aim to engage and involve children for sustained periods. We believe that Early Years education should be as practical as possible and therefore, we are proud that our EYFS setting has an underlying ethos of 'Learning through play. PLAY is essential for children's development across all areas. Play builds on children's confidence as they learn to explore, to relate to others around them and develop relationships, set their own goals and solve problems. Children learn by leading their own play and by taking part in play which is guided by adults.'. EYFS Team



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HOLY FAMILY LEARNERS  ACTIV8	CARING	CRE	ATIVE	RESPECTFU	JL	INDEPENDENT	RESILIENT	M	OTIVATED	REFLECTIV	'E	CONFIDENT
<u>TEXTS</u>	Dogger Room on the broom The Giving Tree Lost and Found Gruffalo How to Catch a Star	Whate Matisse'	mer ever Next e's Magical Trail	Bog Bab Little Rabbit Foo The Great Ka Tree Tusk Tus	apok	Iggy Peck architect Lost and found The missing Piece The Way back Home	Peace at last Stuck After the Storm Peter and the wolf Up and Down Monkey Puzzle The Way Back Home	The	Koala who could Lion Inside Stuck Because he Pencil	I'm Sorr One wor Bog bab The great ka Tree	ld Y	Giraffe's Can't Dance Because Can I play Oscar Can
BRITISH VALUES	We are all unique We respect different between different pe and their beliefs in community, in this co and all around the w All cultures are lear respected, and celebr	e. nces cople our ountry vorld. M ned, v rated.	with differen beliefs and withou	valued, all celebrated, share and opinions of ers. Ince of those at faiths and I for those	We all l rules a We kno we d We l We rec	know that we have at school that we must follow.  ow who to talk to if do not feel safe. know right from wrong.  cognise that we are ountable for our actions.	We all have the righave our own views are all respected individuals. We feel safe to have at new activitiew we understand a celebrate the fact everyone is differ	ght to ews. ed as e a go es. and that	listend We respect e we value the ideas and	he right to be ed to. everyone and eir different opinions. with who we blay with. In intrigue and respect the	Value to be and co valu and co Fu Value be	British Values  Indamental British  It is a citizen in a modern diverse Great Britain a modern diverse Great Britain and an an are shared by other
					a to	eam when it is necessary. Class rules						nocratic countries.



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# DIVERSITY TEXTS TO BE READ THROUGHOUT THE YEAR DURING STORY TIME SESSIONS

BAME MAIN CHARACTERS	CULTURAL DIVERSITY	NEURODIVERSITY	PHYSICAL DISABILITIES	DIFFERENT FAMILIES
So much	The big book of families	We're all wonders	Its ok to be different	My pirate mums
Shine	Maisie's scrapbook	Perfectly Norman	When Charlie met Emma	Mt two grandads
Astro Girl	Hats of faith	Incredible you	Only one you	The girl with two dads
Lulu's first day	The Jasmine Sneeze	I see things differently	Don't call me special	We are family
Baby goes to market	Golden domes and silver lanterns	Mr Gorski I think I have the wiggle fidgets	Happy to be me	More people to love me
Mommy saying		Because	Millie gets her super ears	Our class is a family
Full, full full of love		What makes me a me?		Love makes a family
15 things not to do with a puppy				Heather has two mummies
Jabari jumps				
Have you seen elephant?				
The Very Little Rapunzel				



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### PRIME AREA - PERSONAL. SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

PSED	AUTUMN 1	Autumn 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
	Settling in activities, Class routin	es, Making friends	What's safe to go in my body?		Think about the perspectives of others. Manage their own needs.		
Self-Regulation	The Colour Monster, My Feeling	S,	Keeping myself safe		What's Good about me? Explo	ring our gifts and talents. Circle	
C	My Family / My Home / My Bod	у	Safe indoors and outdoors		time discussions and conversation	on stations	
Class Rules / Rainbow chart			Listening to my feelings		Stories exploring resilience and	to keep on trying to reach your	
Managing Self	Time to Talk / Lego Therapy		Keeping safe online		goal.		
	I'm special you're special / Same	e and different	People who help to keep me saf		Transition into Year 1		
<b>Building Relationships</b>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ance in the face of challenge.			
Danianing Melacionismps	l ·	his is important. Use the toilet and	· · · · /	r own feelings socially and			
	wash hands with verbal prompts. T	ake coat on and off independently	emotionally.				
			Life stages, plants, animals, hum				
		L		no will I be?			
			Getting bigger				
			Me and my body,				

#### NB. These statements have been split for extra focus, but all will apply on an ongoing basis throughout the reception year

#### **Early learning Goals**

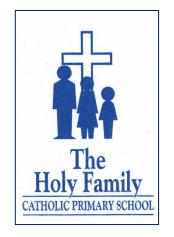
**Self-Regulation:** Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. • Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. • Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Managing Self: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience, and perseverance in the face of challenge. • Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. • Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet, and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building Relationships: Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. • Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. • Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.



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### PRIME AREA - COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's **back-and-forth interactions** from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a **language-rich environment** is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with **new vocabulary added**, practitioners will build children's language effectively. **Reading frequently to children**, and **engaging them actively in stories**, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and **embed new words in a range of contexts**, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through **conversation, story-telling and role play**, where children **share their ideas** with support and **modelling** from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a **rich range of vocabulary** and **language structures**.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	Foundation for phonics	Foundation for phonics	Develop vocabulary	Articulate ideas and thoughts	Describe events in some detail	I can talk about the
	How to be a good listener	Develop vocabulary	Talk Boost interventions	in well-formed sentences.	Use talk to help work out	experiences I have had at
	How to be a good speaker.	Time to talk interventions	Ask's how and why questions	Connect one idea or action to	problems and organise	different points in the school
	Listening & Attention games	Tell me a story - retelling	Retell a story with story	another using a range of	thinking and activities explain	year
Listening, Attention	Children talking about	stories: talk for writing	language	connectives. Engage in	how things work and why they	Use new vocabulary in
and Understanding	experiences that are familiar	Story language	Remember key points from a	nonfiction books. Listen to and	might happen.	different contexts.
	to them.	Listening and responding to	story	talk about selected nonfiction	Retell the story once they have	
	Follow instructions (settling in,	stories	Ask questions to find out more	to develop a deep familiarity	developed a deep familiarity	
	putting my things away)	Following instructions	and to check they understand	with new knowledge and	with the text; some as exact	
Speaking	Develop vocabulary	Takes part in discussion	what has been said to them.	vocabulary.	repetition and some in their	
	Time to Talk	Understand how to listen	I can describe events (Chinese	Ask questions to find out more	own words.	
	Talk boost intervention	carefully and why listening is	New Year)	Describe events in detail.		
	Listen to and talk about	important.	Listen to and talk about stories			
	stories.	Choose books that will develop	to build familiarity and			
		their vocabulary	understanding.			
		Ask questions to find out more	Learn rhymes, poems and			
		and to check they understand	songs.			
		what has been said to them.				
		Develop social phrases. Engage in				
		story times.				

#### **Early learning Goals**

#### Listening, Attention and understanding:

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. • Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. • Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

#### Speaking:

Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. • Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. • Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.



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### PRIME AREA - PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Fine Motor Skills	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities.  Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills  Draw lines and circles using gross motor movements  Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp  Pencil Grip  Taking shoes off and putting them on	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities.  Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show preference for dominant hand Engage children in structured activities: guide them in what to draw, write or copy. Teach and model correct letter formation	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Begin to form letters correctly Handle tools, objects, construction, and malleable materials with increasing control Encourage children to draw freely. Holding Small Items / Button Clothing / zips Cutting with Scissors	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grip Form recognisable letters most correctly formed	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities.  Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually Use one hand consistently for fine motor tasks Cut along a straight line with scissors / Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Form letters correctly Cut a shape out using scissors Begin to draw diagonal lines, like in a triangle / Start to colour inside the lines of a picture Draw pictures that are recognisable Build things with smaller linking blocks, such as Duplo or Lego
Gross Motor Skills	Outdoor bikes Drawing using w CONTINUOUS PROVISION; Coo thorough handwashing and toil	hole body movements. Use their peration games i.e. parachute ga	core muscle strength to achieve a mes, Climbing – outdoor equipme de a range of wheeled resources	a good posture when sitting at a ta ent., Help individual children to de	patting, pushing Building with vai patting, pushing Building with vai able or sitting on the floor. evelop good personal hygiene, . Pr on, or pull and push. Two-wheele	rovide regular reminders about

#### **Early learning Goals**

#### **Gross Motor Skills:**

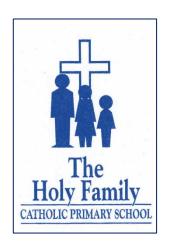
Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. • Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. • Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

#### **Fine Motor Skills:**

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing — using the tripod grip in almost all cases. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.



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# SPECIFIC AREA - LITERACY

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)

Ĺ	und structuring them in speech,	bejore writing)					
	Comprehension Visit select library (Typedous)	AUTUMN 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	Visit school library (Tuesdays) <b>ELG:</b>	Show a preference for a book,	Talk about events and	Show interest and answer	Demonstrate understanding	Check reading makes sense	Demonstrate understanding of
	Comprehension Demonstrate	song or rhyme.	characters in a story read to	simple questions about the	when talking about what have	I think about what I already	what has been read to me by
	understanding of what has been		me.	text	read	know to help me with my	retelling stories and narratives
	read to them by retelling stories		Join in with rhymes and	Use words to check reading	Repeat words or phrases to	reading	using my own words and
	and narratives using their own		stories.	makes sense	check reading	Say rhymes by heart	recently introduced
	words and recently introduced		Fill in missing words from well-			Sometimes notice errors	vocabulary (ELG)
	vocabulary. • Anticipate (where		known rhymes			know that illustrations can	I can use and understand
	appropriate) key events in		,			help me make sense of my	recently introduced
	stories. • Use and understand					reading	vocabulary during discussions
	recently introduced vocabulary						about stories.
	during discussions about stories,						
	non-fiction, rhymes and poems						
	and during role play						
		Phonics: Little Wandle	Phonics: Little Wandle	Phonics: Little Wandle	Phonics: Little Wandle	Phonics: Little Wandle	Phonics: Little Wandle
	Word Reading	(See separate plans)	(See separate plans)	(See separate plans)	(See separate plans)	(See separate plans)	(See separate plans)
	<b>3</b>	Foundation for Phonics	Foundation for Phonics	Foundation for Phonics	Foundation for Phonics	Foundation for Phonics	Foundation for Phonics
	ELG:	Nursery/Finger Rhymes	I can Link most sounds to	I can locate and recall the title	I can read and understand	I can read phase 3 words	End of term assessments
	Say a sound for each letter in the	Whole class	letters	I can read with 1-1	simple sentences	(decodable and tricky)	Transition work with Year 1
	alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.	I can handle books correctly	I am beginning to blend and	correspondence	I can use phonic knowledge to	I can say a sound for each	staff
	<ul> <li>Read words consistent with</li> </ul>	and follow print left to right,	segment in order to read vc	I can read some common	read and decode regular	letter in the alphabet and at	
	their phonic knowledge by	top to bottom	and cvc words	irregular words (Phase2/3)	words	least 10 digraphs (ELG)	
	sound-blending. • Read aloud	I can locate the title	I am beginning to match	I can link all sounds to letters	I can read all Phase 2 words	I can read words consistent	
	simple sentences and books that	I can segment and blend	spoken word to written word	I can solve simple words by	I can read some of Phase 3	with my phonic knowledge by	
	are consistent with their phonic	words orally	(1 to 1 cor) across 2-3 lines of	blending sounds and I check	words	sound blending (ELG)	
	knowledge, including some common exception words.	I can recognise words that	print	what I read makes sense and		I can re-read books showing	
	common exception words.	rhyme	I can read some Phase 2 words	sounds right		increased accuracy and	
			including some tricky words			fluency	
ı							



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### SPECIFIC AREA - LITERACY CONT'D

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)

Writing	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
ELG: Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. • Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. • Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.	Dominant hand, tripod grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Name writing Shopping lists, Writing initial sounds and simple captions. Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Silly soup. Names Labels. Writing for a purpose in role play PHASE WORDS	Recount, Name writing, labelling, talk for writing block, story scribing. Retelling stories, letter writing (Stick Man, to Santa) Writing tricky words such as I, me, my, like, to, the. Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words. PHASE WORDS	Exciting adjectives 'Wow words' Rhyming words/sentences Instructions Captions Writing recipes, lists. PHASE WORDS	Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences. Writing short sentences to accompany story maps. Labels and captions – life cycles Character descriptions. Order the Easter story PHASE WORDS	Writing for a purpose in role play using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Rhyming words. Recount Acrostic poems	Non fiction Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Innovation of familiar texts Using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories. Character description —sea creatures



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### SPECIFIC AREA - MATHS

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	Getting to know You	Representing 1 2 & 3	Introducing zero	Counting to 9 & 10	Building numbers beyond	Doubling
Ni	Opportunities for settling	Comparing 1 2 & 3	Comparing numbers to 5	Comparing numbers to 10	10	Sharing and grouping
Number	in, introducing the areas	Composition of 1 2 & 3	Composition of 4 & 5	Bonds to 10	Counting patterns beyond	Even and odd
	of provision.	2D shapes	Compare mass	3D Shapes	10	Visualise and build
	Key times of the day, class	Positional language	Compare capacity	Spatial awareness	Spatial reasoning	Deepening understanding
	routines		67&*	Patterns	Match, Rotate,	patterns and relationships
Numerical	Exploring the continuous	Representing numbers to	Combining 2 amounts		Manipulate	Mapping
Patterns	provision inside and out.	5	Making pairs		Adding more	
raccerns	Where do things belong?	One more	Length and height		Taking away	
	Positional language.	One less	Time		Compose and decompose	
	Matching and sorting	Time				
	Compare amounts					
	Compare size					
	Mass and Capacity					
	Exploring Pattern					

#### **Early Learning Goals:**

#### Number:

Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. • Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. • Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

#### **Numerical Patterns:**

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. • Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. • Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.



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### SPECIFIC AREA — UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Identifying / commenting on their family. Show interest in the lives of other people who are familiar Talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Draw a simple map Talk about things I have observed such as autumn Ask questions about aspects of familiar world I can talk about why things happen: making bread	Guy Fawkes: compare and contrast character from stories, including figures from the past: looking at clothes Talk about significant events in my own experiences I can recognise and describe special times or events for family or friends Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways	Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom. Listen to what children say about what they see Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals. Celebrate Chinese New year Recognising that people have different beliefs Respecting difference Talk about lives of people around us Talk about experiences at different points in the year Changing seasons: winter Ice experiments Knowing there are different countries in the world (China)	Similarities and differences between countries/environments/Africa /Animals using Handa's Hen Maps of our journey to school/looking on Google Earth: features of local environment, maps of local area comparing places on Google Earth: how are they similar/different? I can describe special events (Easter) Growth & Change: chick life cycle I can tell you what a plant needs to grow (growing the beanstalk) I can understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and animal	Growth & Change: frog life cycle / butterfly I can show care and concern for living things in the environment I can start to develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time I can talk about some of the things I have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects	Materials: Floating / Sinking – boat building Metallic / nonmetallic objects Seasides long ago Non-fiction texts that offer an insight into contrasting environments. Listen to how children communicate their understanding of their own environment and contrasting environments through conversation and in play. I can draw information from a simple map I can talk about ways in which can look after the environmen Pirate maps (maps of school to find treasure)

#### **Early Learning Goals:**

**People. Culture & Communities**: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. • Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.

The Natural World: Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. • Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter



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# SPECIFIC AREA - EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Creating with	Join in with songs	Use different textures and	Concentric circles - I can	Make patterns using different	Collage-farm animals / Making	Water pictures, collage,
	Beginning to mix colours	materials to make firework	produce a piece of artwork	colours	houses. Pastel drawings, Life	shading by adding black or
materials	Rubbings of leaves	pictures	using an artists style as a	Children will explore ways to	cycles,	white, colour mixing for beach
	Leaf Man collages.	Listen to music and make their	stimulus	protect the growing of plants	Flowers-Sun flowers (Van	huts, making passports.
	Andy Goldsworthy natural art	own dances in response.	Explore how colour can be	by designing scarecrows.	Gogh)	Colour mixing – underwater
	Build stories around toys (small	Christmas decorations,	changed	Mother's Day crafts	Junk modelling, houses, bridges	pictures.
	world) use available props to	Christmas cards, Christmas	Making lanterns, Chinese	Artwork themed around	boats and transport.	Father's Day Crafts
	support role play	songs/poems	writing, puppet making,	African Art	Provide children with a range	Making models from recycled
Poing	Build models using	The use of story maps, props,	Chinese music	Learn a traditional African song	of materials for children to	materials: link to keeping our
Being	construction equipment.	puppets & story bags will	Use various construction	and dance and perform it /	construct with.	sea clean
imaginative	Junk modelling, take picture of	encourage children to retell,	materials: make a bridge for	Encourage children to create	Create collaboratively: making	Using clay to make a coil pot
	children's creations and record	invent and adapt stories.	the gingerbread man	their own music.	3d ladybird shells: papier	(link to the curled shell in
and Expressive	them explaining what they did.	Teach children different		Exploration of other countries	mache: working in pairs	Sharing a Shell)
	Exploring sounds and how they	techniques for joining		<ul> <li>dressing up in different</li> </ul>	Use various construction	
	can be changed, tapping out of	materials, such as how to use		costumes Easter crafts printing,	materials	
	simple rhythms.	adhesive tape and different		patterns on Easter eggs		
	Play pitch matching games,	sorts of glue		/plants		
	humming or singing	Nativity role play &		I can combine media to make a		
	To draw / paint self-portrait.	performance		collage (collage chick)		
	Feelings: taking photos of	Making a stick man using		Drama conventions through		
	children acting out emotions	natural objects		literacy		

#### **Early Learning Goals:**

#### **Creating with Materials:**

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. • Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

#### **Being Imaginative and Expressive**

nvent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. • Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. • Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.